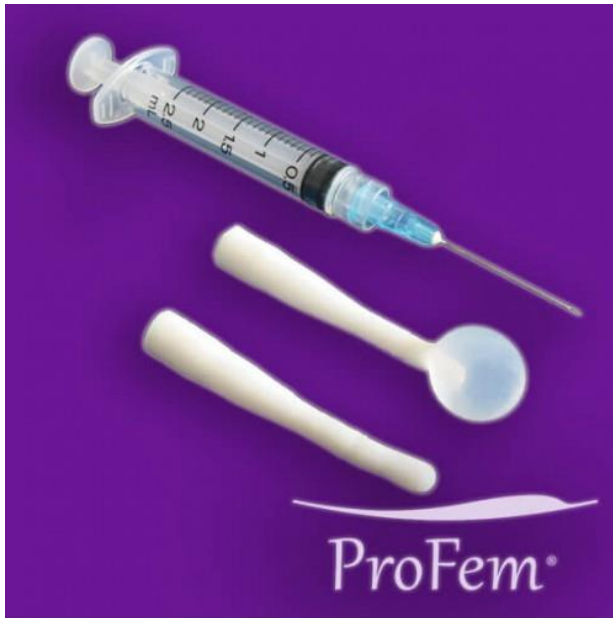


Word Bartholin's Catheter



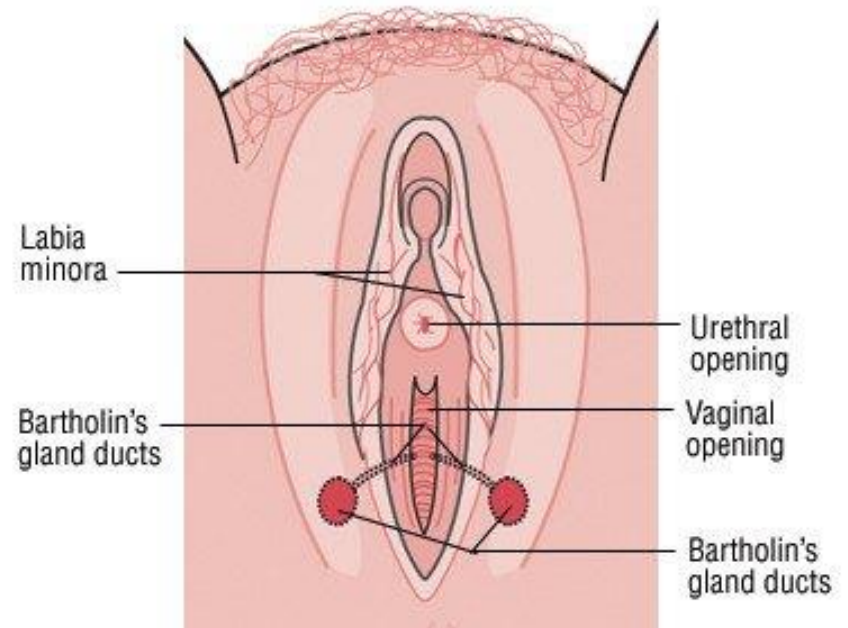


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Bartholin's Gland

The Bartholin glands, also called the greater vestibular glands, are a pair of glands, one on each side of the vagina. They secrete a fluid that lubricates the vagina.





Bartholin's Cyst & Abscess

- A Bartholin cyst occurs when a blockage happens at the openings of one of these glands, causing the mucus to build up and form a lump. It typically only occurs on one of the two Bartholin glands. Some Bartholin cysts are small and don't cause any pain. If the cyst becomes infected with bacteria, an abscess can form. When infected, Bartholin cysts can be painful and may require medical treatment.

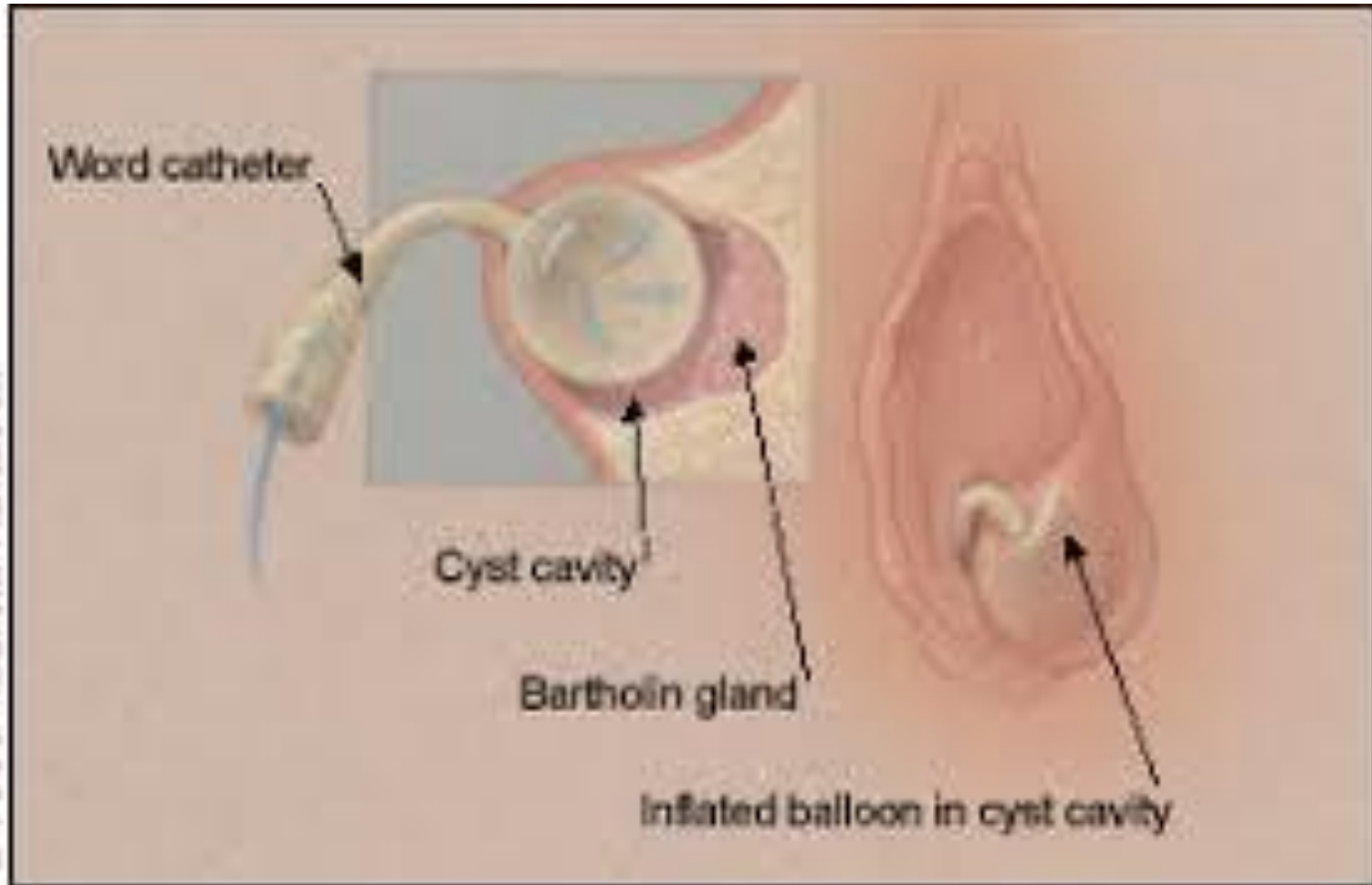
Bartholin's Cyst & Abscess



Bartholin's Cyst & Abscess



Bartholin's Cyst & Abscess





Risk Factors

- Being sexually active.
- Being between 20 and 30 years of age.
- Having previously had a Bartholin's cyst.
- Having experienced physical trauma in the affected area.
- Having undergone surgery on the vagina or vulva.



Treatment

- **Sitz baths:** Sit in a bathtub with 3 to 4 inches of warm water a few times a day for several days. This can provide comfort and promote healing. It could also help the infected cyst to burst and drain on its own.
- **Over-the-counter pain medications:** Take as directed for pain relief and discomfort.
- **Antibiotics:** If your cyst becomes infected or tests show you have a sexually transmitted infection (STI), your healthcare provider may prescribe antibiotics.



Treatment

- **Surgical draining:** If your cyst is large and infected, surgery may be done to drain the fluid. A small tube called a **Bartholin catheter** will be inserted into the cyst. The catheter is usually left in place for several weeks to allow for complete drainage.
- **Marsupialization:** The cyst is surgically opened and drained. Then, the surgeon will stitch the edges of the cyst wall to form a permanent open pocket or “pouch” for continuous drainage. This is often helpful for recurrent Bartholin cysts.
- **Removal of the Bartholin’s gland:** In extremely rare cases where treatment is not working, your healthcare provider may surgically remove the Bartholin glands.



MedGyn's Word Bartholin Catheter

MedGyn Word Bartholin's Catheter is an effective office treatment following an incision and drainage of a Bartholin cyst or abscess. Bartholin cysts/abscesses have a high rate of recurrence unless an accessory duct is provided to permanently drain the obstructed acini.

- Includes balloon catheter, syringe and scalpel
- 100% silicone made catheter
- Non-latex device



Instructions for WBC

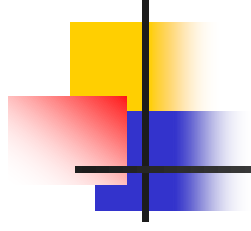
- Fully Sterilize items and area of operation
- Apply local anesthesia
- Perform Incision and drain cyst/abscess slowly and carefully
- Insert the catheter into the Bartholin's gland and fill the balloon catheter with saline water using the syringe to keep it secure
- Check back in a few weeks to draw out water using the syringe and remove the catheter.
- <https://www.facebook.com/Doctooors/videos/bartholins-cyst/754566214941343/>





Warnings & Precautions

- WARNINGS • DO NOT AIR INFLATE • INFLATE WITH STERILE WATER INDICATIONS FOR USE For treatment of cysts or abscesses of the Bartholin Gland.
- PRECAUTIONS Follow the normal precautions used after any incision of a cyst or abscess. Follow the normal precautions used when any catheter is inserted and left in place.



Thank You!